

**Ontario-Montclair School District**  
**Triennial Assessment**  
Completed June, 2022

In accordance with the [2016 Final Rule](#), schools must complete an assessment of their district wellness policy every three years, at minimum. The assessment must include several components:

1. Comparison of the district's School Wellness Policy to a model policy;
2. Measurement of the extent to which the district is in compliance with the policy;
3. Description of the district's progress toward achieving the goals described in the policy.

**PART 1: Comparison to a model School Wellness Policy**

See completed WellSAT 3.0 Scorecard (attached).

**PART 2: Local measurement of compliance with School Wellness Policy**

The district performed interviews with district- and school-level personnel, using the WellSAT-I tool. Scores were recorded using the WellSAT-I Scorecard and analyzed using the WellSAT Worksheet 3 (attached).

Copy of the completed assessment report for each school site can be obtained from Food and Nutrition Services Department by emailing: Ramanjit Sibia at [ramanjit.sibia@omsd.net](mailto:ramanjit.sibia@omsd.net)

**PART 3: Description of the district's progress toward achieving goals described in the policy**

See completed WellSAT Worksheet 4 (attached).

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- (1) Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture

Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights  
1400 Independence Avenue, SW  
Washington, D.C. 20250-9410;

- (2) Fax: (202) 690-7442; or

- (3) Email: [program.intake@usda.gov](mailto:program.intake@usda.gov).

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# Your District's Combined WellSAT 3.0 and WellSAT-I Scorecard

## Policy Name: Ontario-Montclair School District Triennial Assessment

Below, you will see your written policy scores [WellSAT 3.0] and implementation scores [WellSAT-I] for every item. Each pair of responses is compared and linked to an outcome, listed below:



**Strong Policies and Aligned Practices** – District has a strong policy and is fully implementing practices that align with the policy



**Create Practice Implementation Plan** – District has a strong or weak policy, but practice implementation is either absent or limited



**Update Policies** – District is fully implementing a practice but there is no or only weak language in the written policy, or the district is partially implementing practices and there is no language in the policy



**Opportunities for Growth** – District has either not addressed the topic in policy or practice; or has only addressed the topic in a very limited way

If you would like a scorecard that sorts the items by outcome, click here: ☐












		WellSAT 3.0 Score	WellSAT-I Score	
<b>Section 1. Nutrition Education</b>				
NE1	Does the school district have specific goals for nutrition education designed to promote student wellness? Does this include a standards-based nutrition education curriculum?	2	1	
NE2	How would you describe the nutrition education you provide? Are didactic methods used to increase student knowledge? Are skills-based, behavior focused, and interactive/participatory methods used to develop student skills?	1	1	
NE3	Do all elementary school students receive sequential and comprehensive nutrition education?	2	1	
NE4	Do all middle school students receive sequential and comprehensive nutrition education?	2	NA	
NE5	Do all high school students receive sequential and comprehensive nutrition education?	NA	NA	
NE6	Is nutrition education integrated into other subjects beyond health education? If yes, what are some examples? [Examples include: using nutrition facts labels to learn percentages; using a vegetable garden to learn plant biology.]	2	0	
NE7	Is nutrition education linked with the school food environment? If yes, what are some examples? [Examples include: teachers and food service staff collaborate in connecting nutrition education with the foods and beverages that are in school.]	1	1	
NE8	Does nutrition education address agriculture and the food system?	0	0	
<b>Section 2. Standards for USDA Child Nutrition Programs and School Meals</b>				
SM1	Have there been parts of the Healthy Hunger-Free Kids Act (HHFKA) regulations for breakfast or lunch that have been challenging to implement? If yes, are there features of the district's meal program that are not yet in compliance?	2	2	
SM2	Does the district offer breakfast? If yes, is breakfast offered every day? Is breakfast offered to all students? [Examples include: breakfast is only offered on testing days; only offered Monday, Wednesday and Friday; only offered in some schools.]	2	2	
SM3	How does your school ensure that children who are receiving free/reduced meals cannot be identified? How confident are you that it is not possible for the students to identify those who qualify for free or reduced lunch?	2	2	
SM4	How does the district handle unpaid balances? Follow up questions to determine if student is stigmatized: How are the student and parents notified? Is the student identified in the cafeteria? Is the student refused a meal, given a different meal, or given the regular meal?	2	2	
SM5	How are families provided information about eligibility for free/reduced priced meals? (If district provides universal free meals, score 2)	2	2	
SM6	Are specific strategies used to increase participation in the school meal programs? If yes, please describe. [Examples include: Smarter Lunchroom strategies; limiting competitive foods; requiring high school students have a scheduled lunch period; taste tests and student input; Grab-and-Go or Breakfast in the Classroom]	2	2	



SM7	How long are the breakfast (if applicable) and lunch periods? Within that time, how much time do students typically have to sit down and eat their meals.	0	2	
SM8	Is free (i.e., no cost to students) drinking water available to students during meals (i.e., do not include water for sale). Follow up questions can include: Does the cafeteria have water fountains? Are there a sufficient number of working water fountains? Can students take water back to the table or do they need to drink at the fountain? Do students perceive the water and fountains to be clean and safe?	2	2	
SM9	What is the frequency and amount of training provided to the food and nutrition staff? Does it meet the USDA Professional standards? (see below).	1	2	
SM10	Are you familiar with the farm to school program? In your district, is it a priority to procure locally produced foods for school meals and snacks? If yes, what efforts are made to increase local procurement? Are strategies used in the cafeterias to promote them?	0	2	
<b>Section 3. Nutrition Standards for Competitive and Other Foods and Beverages</b>				
NS1	Are there any foods that are not part of the school meals (known as competitive foods) that are sold to students during the school day? If yes, how confident are you that all of these items meet Smart Snacks nutrition standards?	2	2	
NS2	Do you know where to access the USDA Smart Snacks nutrition standards to check and see if an item can be sold in school during the school day? Can you tell me how you do this?	2	1	
NS3	Are there competitive foods/beverages sold a la carte in the cafeteria during the school day? If yes, how confident are you that all of these items meet Smart Snacks nutrition standards?	2	2	
NS4	Are there food or beverage vending machines on school property accessible to students during the school day? If yes, how confident are you that all of these items meet Smart Snacks nutrition standards? (Optional follow up questions - Who receives the money from the vending machines? Who is responsible for ensuring all items in the vending machines meet Smart Snacks regulations?)	2	2	
NS5	Are there food or beverages sold in school stores during the school day? If yes, how confident are you that all of these items meet Smart Snacks nutrition standards? (Optional follow up questions - Who receives the money from the school stores? Who is responsible for ensuring all items for ensuring all items in the school stores meet Smart Snacks regulations?)	2	1	
NS6	Are there food or beverage fundraisers that sell items to be consumed during the school day? If yes, who is in charge of approving in-school fundraising activities? How confident are you that the people conducting fundraisers understand Smart Snacks nutrition standards? How confident are you that items sold in fundraisers meet Smart Snacks standards? (Note: Some states have passed regulation permitting exemptions from the federal law prohibiting non-Smart Snack fundraisers during the school day – this is addressed in the next question).	2	2	
NS7	(Before asking this question look up the state policy on fundraiser exemptions at the bottom of this page: <a href="https://www.ihpr.uic.edu/content/research-products-national-wellness-policy-study">https://www.ihpr.uic.edu/content/research-products-national-wellness-policy-study</a> . If 0 exemptions, item is n/a). Your state [fill in] has adopted an exemption policy that allows for [fill in] school-sponsored fundraisers during which foods and beverages sold do not have to meet Smart Snacks. Are you familiar with this state law?	1	2	
NS8	Are foods or beverages containing caffeine sold at the high school level?	NA	NA	
NS9	How often do food-based celebrations occur during the school day in elementary schools (e.g., birthday parties, holiday parties)? Does the district have nutrition standards (such as Smart Snacks) that regulate what can be served? How are these regulations communicated? How confident are you that the regulations are followed consistently? If food-based celebrations are not permitted, how confident are you that they do not occur?	2	1	
NS10	Are foods or beverages served (not sold) to students after the school day on school grounds, including before/after care, clubs, and afterschool programming? If yes, does the district have nutrition standards (such as Smart Snacks or CACFP) that regulate what can be served? How are these regulations communicated to the adults running the activities? How confident are you that the regulations are followed consistently?	0	1	
NS11	Addresses nutrition standards for all foods and beverages sold (not served) to students after the school day, including before/after care on school grounds, clubs, and after school programming	1	2	
NS12	Do teachers use food as a reward in the classroom for good student behavior (e.g., giving out candy for a right answer; having a pizza party when students finish a unit).	2	1	
NS13	Do students have consistent and easy access to water throughout the school day? If yes, how? Follow up questions: Are students are permitted to carry water bottles with them throughout the school day? Are there water fountains or free water filling stations throughout the school? Is bottled water is for sale during the school day?	2	2	
<b>Section 4. Physical Education and Physical Activity</b>				
PEPA1	Does the district have a written physical education curriculum that is implemented consistently for every grade?	2	2	

PEPA2	Does the district have a written physical education curriculum that is aligned with national and/or state standards?	2	2	☆
PEPA3	How does your physical education program promote a physically active lifestyle? [Examples include: follows NASPE standards; focuses on self-assessment through a "Fitnessgram" or "Activitygram"; teaches skills needed for lifelong physical fitness.]	2	1	🏋️
PEPA4	How many minutes per week of PE does each grade in elementary school receive? Note: NASPE recommends that schools provide 150 minutes of instructional PE for elementary school children per week for the entire school year.	2	0	🏋️
PEPA5	How many minutes per week of PE does each grade in middle school receive? Note: NASPE recommends that schools provide 225 minutes of instructional physical education for middle school students per week for the entire school year.	2	2	☆
PEPA6	How many minutes per week of PE does each grade in high school receive? Note: NASPE recommends that schools provide 225 minutes of instructional physical education for middle school students per week for the entire school year.	NA	NA	
PEPA7	Are all physical education classes taught by state certified/licensed teachers who are endorsed to teach physical education?	2	NA	
PEPA8	Is ongoing professional development offered every year for PE teachers that is relevant and specific to physical education?	2	2	☆
PEPA9	A PE exemption is when students are permitted to not take PE because of enrollment in other courses such as math, science or vocational training. This does not include exemptions due to disability, religious or medical reasons. What percentage of students do you estimate do not take PE each year due to exemptions?	0	2	📄
PEPA10	A PE substitution is when students are permitted to not take PE because they are engaged in another physical activity such as JORTC or other school sports. What percentage of students do you estimate do not take PE each year due to substitutions?	2	2	☆
PEPA11	🏠 Are there opportunities for families and community members to engage in physical activity at school? If yes, please describe. How frequently does this occur?	1	0	🏋️
PEPA12	🏠 Are there opportunities for all students to engage in physical activity before and after school? If yes, please describe. How frequently does this occur?	2	2	☆
PEPA13	Is there daily recess for all grades in elementary school? If no, how many days per week is recess offered, and for which grades? How long is recess when it is offered? Note: Best practices for recess: a) it is at least 20 minutes per day; b) it is supervised by trained teachers or staff encouraging students to be active; and c) students have access to safe and appropriate physical activity equipment.	2	2	☆
PEPA14	🏠 Do teachers provide regular physical activity breaks for students in the classroom? If yes, please describe. How frequently do they occur? Do all teachers conduct physical activity breaks with their students?	2	2	☆
PEPA15	When school is not in session, do community members use indoor and outdoor school building and grounds facilities? Does the district have a "joint-use" or "shared-use" agreements? (Note if answer is yes or no).	2	2	☆
PEPA16	What proportion of students walk or bike to school? How frequently do they do that?	2	2	☆
<b>Section 5. Wellness Promotion and Marketing</b>				
WPM1	Are school staff encouraged to model healthy eating and physical activity behaviors in front of students? If yes, how does the school encourage this behavior? [Examples include: Provides staff with opportunities to eat healthfully such as subsidized fruits, vegetables, and water in the cafeteria or lounge; Advises staff not to consume sugary drinks at school; Encourages teachers to be active with students.]	2	2	☆
WPM2	🏠 Are there strategies used by the school to support employee wellness? Please describe. Examples: "Health and wellness classes are offered to staff." "School physical activity equipment is available for use by staff before or after school to support employee wellness." "Free water and healthy snacks are available in the staff break room."	2	0	🏋️
WPM3	Are teachers encouraged to use physical activity as a reward for students? For example, providing extra recess, taking a walk around the school, or playing an active game in the classroom.	0	2	📄
WPM4	Do teachers ever use physical activity as a punishment? [Examples include: telling students to run extra laps or do other physical activities as behavioral consequence.]	2	2	☆
WPM5	Do teachers ever withhold physical activity as a classroom management tool? [Examples include: taking away recess, taking away PE, or requiring students to sit in one place for an extended period of time.]	2	1	🏋️
WPM6	Are marketing strategies used to promote healthy food and beverage choices in school? If yes, what foods and beverages are promoted, and how is it done? (Examples of promotion include advertisements, better pricing, and more accessible placement of the healthier items).	2	1	🏋️
WPM7	🏠 Is there food or beverage marketing on the school campus during the school day? If yes, do the	2	2	☆



	marketed items meet Smart Snacks criteria?			
WPM8	Is there food or beverage marketing on school property (e.g., signs, scoreboards, or sports equipment)? If yes, do the marketed items meet Smart Snacks criteria? If they do not meet Smart Snacks criteria, will this change when there is a renewal of the sponsorship agreement?	2	2	☆
WPM9	Is there food or beverage marketing on educational materials (e.g., curricula, textbooks, or other printed or electronic educational materials)? If yes, do the marketed items meet Smart Snacks criteria?	2	2	☆
WPM10	Is there food or beverage marketing where food is purchased (e.g., logos on exteriors of vending machines, food or beverage cups or containers, food display racks, coolers, or trash and recycling containers)? If yes, do the marketed items meet Smart Snacks criteria?	2	2	☆
WPM11	Is there food or beverage marketing in school publications and media (e.g., advertisements in school publications, school radio stations, in-school television, computer screen savers, school-sponsored Internet sites, and announcements on the public announcement (PA) system)? If yes, do the marketed items meet Smart Snacks criteria?	2	2	☆
WPM12	Is there food or beverage marketing through fundraisers and corporate-incentive programs? Examples include: fundraising programs encourage students and their families to sell, purchase, or consume products, and corporate incentive programs provide funds to schools in exchange for proof of purchase of company products, such as Box Tops for Education. If the school participates in food or beverage fundraisers, do they occur on or off campus, and during or outside the school day? Do all products for sale meet Smart Snacks criteria?	1	1	
<b>Section 6. Implementation, Evaluation &amp; Communication</b>				
IEC1	Is there an active district level wellness committee? Note: This may also be called a health advisory committee or other similar name. If yes, how frequently does the committee meet?	1	1	
IEC2	 Which groups are represented on the district level wellness committee? (check all that apply). Note an individual can represent more than one role. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parents</li> <li>• Students</li> <li>• School Food Authority representative</li> <li>• PE Teacher</li> <li>• School Health Professional (nurse, social worker, school psychologist)</li> <li>• School Board Member</li> <li>• School Administrator</li> <li>• Community member</li> </ul>	1	0	
IEC3	 Is there an official who is responsible for the implementation and compliance with the wellness policy at the building level for each school? If yes, who are those individuals? How do they ensure compliance?	2	2	☆
IEC4	 How is the wellness policy made available to the public? Is it available online? How often is the public informed where to find the policy?	2	2	☆
IEC5	 How does the committee assess implementation of the wellness policy? How often does this assessment occur? [Examples of evaluation tools are: the CDC's School Health Index, the Alliance for a Healthier Generation checklist, local or state policy implementation checklists, or the current interview.]	2	2	☆
IEC6	 What is included in the triennial assessment report to the public? Ask to see documentation if available. Note: the requirement is to include: 1. The extent to which schools under the jurisdiction of the LEA are in compliance with the local school wellness policy; 2. The extent to which the LEA's local school wellness policy compares to model local school wellness policies; 3. A description of the progress made in attaining the goals of the local school wellness policy.	1	1	
IEC7	 Has the wellness policy been revised based on the triennial assessment? If yes, what process did the committee use to decide what to revise?	2	2	☆
IEC8	Is there an active school level wellness committee? (Note: This may also be called a school health team, school health advisory committee, or similar name) If yes, how frequently does the committee meet?	0	0	



Federal Requirement



Farm to School



CSPAP

Thank you for completing the WellSAT!

[Print-friendly version](#)[Export data from the current wellness policy assessment \(version 3.0 and WellSAT-I\)](#)[Export data from all my prior wellness policy assessments \(version 3.0 and WellSAT-I\)](#)[Export data from all my prior wellness policy assessments \(version 2.0\)](#)

Email scores to my registered email address

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# Ontario-Montclair School District

## WORKSHEET 4:

### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

This worksheet can be used to create narrative descriptions to post alongside sections from **Worksheet 3: Identifying Connections between Policy and Practice**. The purpose of these narratives is to describe the district's progress toward meeting their wellness goals. Not all districts will have information to share in all four sections.



#### SECTION 1: STRONG POLICIES AND ALIGNED PRACTICES

If applicable, write a narrative below to describe your district's areas of success in meeting its wellness goals.

Ontario-Montclair School District has strong wellness policies and implementation in the areas of Child Nutrition Programs and School Meals, Nutrition Standards for competitive foods, Physical Education and Physical activity, wellness promotion, and marketing and implementation, evaluation & communication. Schools are aware that a Wellness Policy exists and that there are standards for all foods offered on school campuses, whether it be in the classroom, cafeteria, or afterschool setting. No food items are sold to students during the school day outside of the meal program. The only a la carte item currently sold to students is bottled water and switch's which is a 100% fruit juice at our middle schools only. Drinking water is available to all the students at all the schools during each meal service. There are water fountains and portable water stations at each school site inside the MPR and on the campus. The district does a great job in meeting standards of offering physical education opportunities during school and afterschool setting. Foods and Nutrition services does a great job in promoting and marketing new menu items to the students through menu boards, monthly videos and posters.



#### SECTION 2: CREATE PRACTICE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

If applicable, write a narrative below to describe how your district will create practice implementation plans to ensure full compliance with all elements of the LSWP.

The results of our assessment show that there is a need for improvement in implementing Nutrition Education. Although individual classrooms may be incorporating nutrition topics and physical education during the day, there needs to be more comprehensive program and training made available to all classrooms to fully implement this portion of the Wellness Policy.



Although the Wellness Policy addresses classroom parties, the District has identified that this is an area where schools also need more support. The District is looking into making Smart Snack compliant items available for schools to purchase when there is a desire for a food-based celebration as well as offering non-food based activities like having lunch with the principal to celebrate student achievement.



### **SECTION 3: UPDATE POLICIES**

**If applicable, write a narrative below to describe how the district will update its policy to include all federally required items. You may also add plans for additional policy updates if desired.**

As a result of the Triennial Assessment, the District has identified several necessary updates to the Wellness Policy. This includes specifying seat time allowed during each meal, specify hours for professional development for Food and nutrition staff, address nutrition standards for all foods and beverages sold to students after school, and address physical education exemption requirements for all students. The current Wellness Policy also needs to provide specific examples of promoting healthy food and beverage choices and strategies to support employee wellness.



### **SECTION 4: OPPORTUNITIES FOR GROWTH**

**If applicable, write a narrative below to describe how your district will update its policy and practices to include all federally required items. You may also add plans for additional wellness goals if desired.**

Results from the district-wide Wellness Survey showed that there is room for growth in the area of nutrition education and implementation and evaluation of our wellness policy. Many stakeholders have identified mental, social, and emotional health as an area they would like to see included in the Wellness Policy. The District will be working with their team of Child Welfare and School Psychologists and Nurses to incorporate goals specific to this area in the Wellness Policy. The District would also like to expand the Wellness Policy by providing tools and opportunities that will improve the implementation of the Wellness Policy. This includes Nutrition Education curriculum and resources, access to Smart Snack compliant options for Healthy Celebrations, and opportunities for community engagement.